GENERAL

atlas copco xa 137 operation manual

Published: September 19, 2026 | Index ID: #-

Atlas Copco XA 137 Operation Manual: A Complete Guide

Atlas Copco's XA 137 is a high performance, oil free, vertical, air compressor that delivers reliable, clean, and efficient compressed air for a wide range of industrial applications. Whether you're a seasoned maintenance technician, a plant manager, or a new operator, having a clear, step by step understanding of how to operate, maintain, and troubleshoot the XA 137 is essential for safety, productivity, and longevity.

This comprehensive guide is designed to walk you through everything you need to know about the Atlas Copco XA 137 operation manual. From initial setup and commissioning to routine maintenance and advanced troubleshooting, we cover it all in a structured, easy to follow format.

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1. Overview of the Atlas Copco XA 137

The XA 137 is part of Atlas Copco's XA series, renowned for its durability, low noise, and energy efficiency. Key characteristics include:

- Type: Oil free, vertical centrifugal compressor
- Power: 2.5 kW (3.4 hp) motor
- Pressure: 8–10 bar (116–145 psi) maximum
- Capacity: 3–4 m³/min at rated pressure
- Cooling: Air cooled with a built in fan
- Noise Level:
- Operating Temperature: –10°C to +40°C
- Dimensions: 650 mm (H) x 500 mm (W) x 500 mm (D)
- Weight: Approximately 180 kg

These specifications make the XA 137 suitable for workshops, small to medium sized manufacturing plants, and any setting where clean, oil free compressed air is required.

2. Before You Start

Before powering on the XA 137, you should verify several critical factors to ensure a safe and efficient start up.

2.1 Verify the Power Supply

Confirm that the electrical supply matches the compressor's rating:

- Voltage: 230 V (single phase) or 400 V (three phase) depending on the model variant.
- Frequency: 50 Hz.
- Use a calibrated multimeter to check the supply voltage and frequency.

2.2 Inspect the Air Intake and Outlet

Ensure that the air intake is free from obstructions such as debris, dust, or water. The outlet should also be clear of any blockages. A clogged inlet or outlet can reduce efficiency and increase wear.

2.3 Check the Air Filter

The XA 137 comes with a pre filter that traps large particles. Inspect the filter for signs of clogging. Replace if it is visibly dirty or if the filter's pressure drop exceeds the recommended threshold.

2.4 Confirm the Control Panel Settings

On the control panel, set the desired pressure setpoint by turning the pressure dial. Verify that the pressure indicator is functioning correctly. The panel should also display the operating mode (manual, automatic, or standby).

3. Installation Guidelines

Proper installation is crucial for optimal performance and longevity. Follow these steps to install the XA 137 correctly.

3.1 Select a Suitable Mounting Surface

The compressor must be mounted on a level, stable surface that can support its weight. A concrete or steel foundation is recommended. Ensure that the mounting surface is free from vibrations and is located in a well ventilated area.

3.2 Position the Compressor

Place the XA 137 on its designated mount, aligning the intake and outlet ports with the existing piping. The vertical orientation of the compressor means that the intake should be positioned at the lower end and the outlet at the upper end to facilitate gravity assisted airflow.

3.3 Connect the Electrical Supply

Use a properly rated circuit breaker or fuse as specified in the manual. Connect the compressor's power leads to the supply, ensuring correct polarity and secure connections. Employ locknuts and torque specifications to prevent loosening over time.

3.4 Install the Air Filters

Attach the pre filter to the inlet and the post filter (if applicable) to the outlet. Tighten all fittings securely and verify that there are no leaks.

3.5 Attach the Pressure Relief Valve

The XA 137 is equipped with a built in pressure relief valve. Adjust it to the maximum operating pressure (typically 10 bar) and ensure it is functioning correctly. This safety device protects the compressor from over pressure situations.

3.6 Check for Leaks

After all connections are made, perform a leak check by applying a soapy water solution to all joints and fittings. Observe for any bubbles indicating air leakage. Tighten fittings as necessary.

4. Operating the XA 137

Once installation is complete, the XA 137 can be brought online. Below is a step by step guide to operating the compressor.

4.1 Power On Sequence

1. Turn on the main power switch.
2. Set the desired pressure using the pressure dial on the control panel.
3. Press the Start button. The compressor should begin running, and the pressure gauge will gradually rise.
4. When the setpoint is reached, the compressor will automatically cycle on and off to maintain pressure.

4.2 Monitoring Parameters

Keep an eye on the following indicators:

- Pressure Gauge: Shows real time pressure. Ensure it stays within the safe operating range.
- Temperature Indicator: Monitors the motor temperature. High temperatures may indicate a cooling issue.
- Power Consumption: Displays energy usage. Useful for monitoring efficiency.
- Operating Time: Records cumulative runtime.

4.3 Adjusting Operating Modes

The XA 137 offers multiple operating modes:

- Automatic: The compressor automatically starts and stops based on the pressure setpoint.
- Manual: Allows the operator to manually control the start and stop functions.
- Standby: The compressor remains idle but is ready to start when required.

Select the appropriate mode based on your application’s demand profile.

4.4 Handling Pressure Drops

In case of a sudden pressure drop, the compressor will automatically restart to restore pressure. If the pressure fails to return to the setpoint, consult the troubleshooting section for potential causes.

5. Routine Maintenance

Regular maintenance ensures the XA 137 operates at peak efficiency and extends its service life. Follow this schedule to keep the compressor in top condition.

5.1 Daily Checks

- Inspect the air filter for dust accumulation.
- Verify that the pressure gauge and temperature indicator are functioning.
- Check for any audible abnormal noises.

5.2 Weekly Checks

- Clean the inlet and outlet filters with compressed air.
- Inspect the motor bearings for any signs of wear or oil leakage.
- Confirm that the pressure relief valve is functioning.

5.3 Monthly Checks

- Replace the pre filter if it exceeds the recommended lifespan (usually 3–6 months).
- Inspect the compressor housing for cracks or corrosion.
- Lubricate the motor bearings if the model requires oil lubrication (most XA 137 variants are oil free).

5.4 Annual Service

- Have a certified technician perform a comprehensive inspection.
- Check the electrical connections for tightness and corrosion.
- Test the pressure relief valve and replace if necessary.
- Verify the compressor’s overall performance against manufacturer specifications.

5.5 Documentation

Keep a maintenance log that records all inspections, part replacements, and any anomalies. This log will help identify patterns and schedule preventive actions.

6. Troubleshooting Common Issues

Even with diligent maintenance, occasional issues may arise. Use the following checklist to diagnose and resolve common problems.

6.1 Low Pressure Output

- Check if the pre filter is clogged. Replace if necessary.
- Inspect the pressure relief valve; it may be stuck open.
- Verify that the motor is running; if not, check the power supply and start button.
- Check for any leaks in the piping system.

6.2 Overheating Motor

- Ensure the compressor is in a well ventilated area.
- Check the cooling fan for obstructions or failure.
- Verify that the ambient temperature is within the specified range.
- Inspect the motor bearings for wear; replace if necessary.

6.3 Excessive Noise

- Confirm that the compressor is level; an uneven surface can cause vibration.
- Check the mounting bolts for tightness.
- Inspect the bearings; replace if worn.
- Ensure that the air intake is free from obstructions.

6.4 Compressor Won’t Start

- Verify that the power supply is active and the circuit breaker is not tripped.
- Check the start button and control panel for faults.
- Inspect the motor for electrical issues (e.g., burnt windings).
- Confirm that the pressure relief valve is not stuck in the open position.

6.5 Pressure Fluctuations

- Check the pressure setpoint against the application’s requirement.
- Inspect the pressure sensor for accuracy.
- Verify that the compressor is not overloaded by excessive demand.

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